

POLITICAL COMMITTEE

Resolution to Counter Russian Aggression, Strengthen Ukraine's Sovereignty, and Safeguard Euro-Atlantic Security through Collective Action and Comprehensive Support for Ukraine

The Assembly,

1. **Concerned** by extreme importance of ensuring the territorial integrity and sovereignty of Ukraine;
2. **Condemning** Russia's illegal, unjustified, and brutal aggression against Ukraine, which poses a threat to the entire Euro-Atlantic region;
3. **Taking into account** the constant blackmail from the Russian Federation in the form of so-called “red lines”;
4. **Considering** the importance of assistance in restoring Ukrainian critical infrastructure;
5. **Deploring** the increasing Russian military activity in the Kharkiv direction;
6. **Recognizing** the need for further development and improvement of cyber security measures to protect against cyber attacks and other cyberspace threats that may affect the defense capabilities of member states and the stability of the international community;
7. **Welcoming** overcoming the problem of circumvention of sanctions by the Russian Federation for the purpose of economic pressure and isolation;
8. **Supporting Ukraine's** Euro-Atlantic course and being convinced of strengthening the alliance's collective defense through the process of Ukrainian integration into NATO;
9. **URGES** member governments and parliaments of the North Atlantic Alliance:
 - a. to impose full financial and trade sanctions with no delay for Russian adaptation and intensify efforts to overcome the schemes of circumvention of sanctions imposed against the Russian Federation to ensure economic pressure and isolation of the aggressor
 - b. to support the development and implementation of advanced cybersecurity measures to protect against cyber threats that may affect the defense capability of member countries and the stability of the international community

- c. to provide military assistance and support to Ukraine to increase its defense capability and the ability to withstand any threats
- d. to agree on terms regarding Ukraine's NATO membership and define steps in the process of gaining membership
- e. to provide support and assurances of recognition to the organized minorities of the Russian Federation who seek to fight for their rights against the criminal dictatorial regime of the Russian Federation; to help the democratic authorities establish order and eliminate the threat of further attacks from the territory of Russia.
- f. to strengthen control over the diplomatic missions of the Russian Federation and identify spies and agents of special services among diplomats who pose a security threat and may use biological weapons of mass destruction
- g. to take measures to eliminate GPS radio interference (jamming) caused by Russian forces in the radio space, which poses a threat to civil aviation, before these interferences lead to a tragedy
- h. to strengthen cooperation with the European Union in the EU's defense efforts and coordinate EU air defense forces to protect the skies over Ukraine's territory at a distance of 200 kilometers from the EU border.
- i. i. to introduce control over organizations and institutions that have contacts with the Russian Federation and spread Russian fake narratives about the full-scale Russian-Ukrainian war, who sponsor radical groups in Western countries and work to discredit Western values of human rights and freedoms
- j. j. to assist Ukraine on the international stage, including facilitating its entry into international organizations and integration into Euro-Atlantic structures.
- k. to advocate for political initiatives aimed at holding Russia accountable for aggression and violations of international law.
- l. to seize the pivotal moment in combating climate change, as outlined in the Paris Agreement and EU Green Deal, and accelerate the shift towards renewable energy sources. Embracing this transition is not only crucial for energy security and environmental sustainability but also weakens Russia's grip on the global energy market. The international community must remain vigilant and closely monitor Russia's energy exports to ensure a collective shift towards a cleaner, greener future.
- m. to take immediate and decisive action to prevent the weaponization of nuclear energy. **The ongoing occupation of the Zaporizhzhia Nuclear Power Plant by Russian forces, highlights the urgent need for stricter international controls over nuclear facilities and stronger measures to deter their use as weapons.** We call for the establishment of robust protocols to protect nuclear power plants from seizure and misuse, ensuring the safety of millions of people living in their vicinity. The international community must send a clear message that any attempt to weaponize nuclear energy will be met with swift and severe consequences.